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FUNERAL DAY

Hundreds of the Victims
of the Steamer Slo-
cum Buried

325 STILL MISSING

After Three Days of Searching, 581 Bodies Have Been Discovered—Enormous Crowds Throng the Streets Through Which the Funeral Corteges Pass and There Were Evidences of Great Grief on Every Hand—The Unknown Dead Buried by the City—A Deep Hole in the Bed of the River Discovered, Filled With Bodies—A Bond Issue Proposed for Relief of the Distressed.

New York, June 18.—Unceasing search for over three days and nights has resulted tonight in the recovery of 581 bodies of victims of the awful disaster that befell the great excursion steamer General Slocum Wednesday. Although this appalling number does not represent the full extent of the calamity, hopes are expressed that comparatively few bodies remain to be recovered. There is a possibility that when the charred hulk is brought to the surface a considerable number of corpses may be found within the tangled mass of wreckage which has defied all the divers' attempt at complete exploration. Doubtless too, many bodies have been swept away by the whirling currents of Hell Gate, and carried out into the broad waters of Long Island sound, or out past Sandy Hook to the open sea.

The number still officially recorded tonight as missing is 325, but many of these have been accounted for, whose names have not been taken from the list, and others are among the dead whose identification is impossible.

The region in the vicinity of St. Mark's German Lutheran church in East Sixth street was today the scene of 114 funerals, representing the burial of nearly 200 bodies, almost all those of women and children.

Enormous crowds thronged the streets of the quarter and a large force of police was necessary to prevent disorder and keep clear a passage for the long lines of hearses and carriages. Funeral services were held in no less than 27 churches of various denominations in this section.

Sixteen more bodies, recovered during the day, were brought from the scene of the wreck to the temporary morgue at the foot of East 27th street this afternoon. So great was the clamor for admission to the pier that all control of the crowd was lost and on the entrance to the pier being thrown open, a rush took place, during which many persons were knocked down and trampled on.

Twenty-nine of the unidentified dead were buried today by the city, in the Lutheran cemetery, leaving but eight bodies still awaiting identification in the morgue. The executive committee of the mayor's relief committee met this afternoon at St. Mark's church and made arrangements for the relief privately to all the needy sufferers by the disaster.

Mayor McClellan today authorized Police Commissioner McAdoo to contract with a wrecking company to raise the hulk of the Slocum. A powerful tug was dispatched to North Brother Island tonight, with orders to raise the wreck as soon as possible and to it to shallow water off Riker's Island, where it may be searched for any bodies that may yet remain in it.

The investigation of the coroner will begin Monday morning and about 200 witnesses will be examined in the effort to fix the responsibility for the disaster.

The unknown and unclaimed dead, numbering twenty-nine, were buried by the city this afternoon, a special plot in the Lutheran cemetery having been provided. Of the twenty-nine bodies only one was that of a man, there being eleven children and seventeen women. As the four hearses carrying these unknown victims of the disaster passed, an unusually large crowd stood respectfully on the sidewalks, making a line extending several blocks to the pier, whence the ferry carried them to the Long Island shore. The men stood with bowed and uncovered heads, and by far the greater portion of the women and children gathered along the street, knelt. Even those who are ordinarily phlegmatic and undemonstrative were affected by the sorrow that all seem to feel and sobb shook the frames of the women, while tears streamed down the cheeks of the greater portion of the children. Coroner Berry stated today that more than two hundred witnesses had been summoned to appear at the inquest next Monday.

A diver who today renewed the search for victims of the steamer General Slocum disaster, found a deep hole in the bed of the river, into which search was begun, eight bodies had been brought to the surface and when he was forced to abandon work for a time because of the swift current, he stated that between thirty and fifty bodies still remained in the hole. The diver was searching along the river bottom and had reached a portion near the foot of the sloping lawn on North Brother Island where the bodies of the first victims of the tragedy were

laid last Wednesday, when he found several bodies lying together and at first the diver supposed there were no more than half a dozen in the pile, but upon removing several he found a great hole in the river bed literally packed with dead. He says that no less than thirty more bodies will be found when the tide again turned and permits a resumption of work. This number, he says, may be greatly exceeded. One of the bodies taken from the water today was that of a woman, wrapped or entangled in a large American flag.

General Daniel E. Sickles, a member of the board of aldermen, today sent a communication to President Roosevelt in which he says:

"There is an impression here that the federal officials charged with the duty of inspecting steamboats have been negligent and inefficient, and that they are gravely at fault in not having done what they might have done to avoid what has happened."

"Pray see that these steamboat inspectors shall be competent and trustworthy and if further legislation is necessary to provide safeguards for the future, ask Congress to provide them."

The relief funds will have a large addition from the city treasury, a resolution for the issuance of \$50,000 in bonds for the succor of the distressed victims of the accident having been introduced today, action being deferred because of the absence of the required number of aldermen to pass such a resolution.

The following telegram from the German ambassador at Washington, Baron Speck von Sternberg, inclosing a cablegram from the German Emperor received today by Dr. Haas, pastor of St. Mark's Lutheran church.

"The following cablegram has just been communicated to me by his majesty, the Kaiser:

"Being most profoundly affected by the news of the indescribable catastrophe which has overtaken the Lutheran congregation, I command you to express to it my innermost feelings of sorrow."

"In carrying out the command of my most gracious sovereign, allow me at the same time to offer you my own personal sympathy."

WILL SOON BE RELEASED.

Raisuli's Demands Granted and Preparations Being Made for the Release of the Captives.

Washington, June 18.—A cablegram received at the state department from Consul General Gummere at Tangier, in confirming the press report that the Sultan has agreed to all of Raisuli's terms, adds that the money ransom \$55,000 was to be paid over today. Mr. Gummere expressed grave doubt as to the advisability of making this payment before Perdicaris and Varley were actually released and safely returned to Tangier.

In his cablegram, the consul general states that Raisuli's negotiator returned to Tangier last night and reported that the terms had been accepted, and the money as well as the prisoners released by the Sultan today must be immediately turned over to Raisuli at Taradant, where he is now located and the captives will be released.

Mr. Gummere and the British minister both objected to this plan on the ground that they placed everything in Raisuli's hands and they had no assurance that he would carry out his engagement after he got hold of the money. Therefore they had sent a special courier to Raisuli, suggesting that the exchange be effected through the sheik of Wazan, who has a powerful influence over Raisuli. The answer is expected tomorrow.

NEW WAGE SCALE.

Miners Hope to Meet the Operators Monday for Final Action.

Birmingham, Ala., June 18.—The convention of the United Mine Workers of America, Alabama district, after adopting a new wage scale, adjourned until noon Monday, when the wage scale will be presented to the operators for action. While nothing official has been given regarding the scale, it is known that it provides a 3 year's contract on a sliding scale, with the selling price of pig iron as the basis. The exact figures have not been disclosed. The miners are hopeful of holding a conference with the operators on Monday, in spite of the dissolution of the operators association. No definite arrangements, however, have been made for the conference.

WILL BE COURT-MARTIALED.

Young Lieutenant at Annapolis Faced With Several Charges.

Washington, June 18.—Second Lieutenant Reginald R. Hogan, United States Marine Corps, stationed at Annapolis, is to be court-martialed for a recent escapade at Annapolis. According to a report made to the navy department, Lieutenant Hogan, while returning to his quarters from an entertainment with some other officers, about midnight, took a party of sailors to task for alleged failure to salute him properly on the street. When a negro who was passing and that the sailors had done anything wrong, Lieutenant Hogan promptly knocked him down. He was arrested by the local police after a struggle.

Acting on these reports, the secretary of the navy has ordered a court-martial to convene at the naval academy, Annapolis, on Thursday next, for the trial of Lieutenant Hogan on charges of disorderly conduct, intoxication and resisting arrest by the civil authorities.

Princeton Defeats Yale.

New York, June 18.—In the presence of 22,000 people the Princeton baseball team defeated the Yale team today. In base running and general all-around work, Princeton proved to be far superior to Yale. Yale put up a stubborn fight.

CUT & DRIED

Programme for the Republican Convention
this Week

ADVANCE GUARD

Many Delegates Have Already Arrived in Chicago—Cortelyou Will Probably be Made Chairman of the National Committee Without Opposition—Chief Interest Centers in the Vice-Presidential Nomination—New York Delegates Opposed to Fairbanks—A Fight Will be Made for the Insertion of a Tariff Revision Plank.

Chicago, June 18.—The advance guard of the delegations to the Republican national convention has arrived in Chicago, and the greater number of them are expected to come tomorrow and on Monday morning.

The running of the derby today interfered sadly with the political game, as nearly all the members of the national committee and great numbers of the delegates deserted headquarters to visit Washington Park.

From all advance indications the convention promises to lack something of the excitement of other gatherings of its kind. The chief interest so far centers in the vice-presidential nomination. The opposition to Secretary Cortelyou for chairman of the national committee seems to be dying out somewhat, and various members of the national committee predicted today that he would be elected without opposition. The fight against him, they declare, is not strong enough to make any trouble. The attitude of Senator Fairbanks regarding the nomination of vice-president is not pleasing to many of the arriving delegates, who say that he should declare himself more explicitly. The great majority of the delegates who have so far arrived favor him, or are not actively opposed to him, but they desire a statement of some kind.

Congressman James A. Hemenway, of Indiana, who is a close friend of Senator Fairbanks, said today that the Senator would not make a statement of any kind, that he would accept the nomination if it were presented to him, but that he will not declare that he wants it. When asked if Indiana would present the name of the Senator, when the names were called for, he said it would not, and he did not know whether any other state would do so.

John L. Webster, of Nebraska, who is a candidate for vice-president, arrived during the afternoon and registered at the Palmer House, where the Nebraska delegation will make its headquarters. He refused to say a word regarding his candidacy, except to remark that he was satisfied with the outlook.

The LaFollette people are making preparations for a desperate fight before the committee on credentials, and expect to carry on the struggle to the bitter end.

The members of the New York delegation, the majority of which arrived during this afternoon and evening, made it evident that the Empire State is not in favor of Senator Fairbanks for vice-president. Elihu Root, who is to be the temporary chairman of the convention, was the first of the prominent New Yorkers to put in an appearance.

There is a strong Hitt sentiment in New York, said Mr. Root, and we are of the opinion that he will make a strong candidate. The fact that Senator Fairbanks has expressed no wish for the place has served to aid the candidacy of Mr. Hitt.

Chauncey M. Depew in discussing the vice-presidential matter said he favored Cannon.

Secretary Dover, of the national committee, announced this afternoon the official programme for the three days of the convention. It is as follows:

Tuesday, June 21.
Convention called to order by Chairman Henry C. Payne. Prayer by Rev. Timothy P. Frost. Reading of the call for the convention by Secretary Elmer Dover; introduction of Temporary Chairman Elihu Root, who will address the convention and report the names of the temporary officials; appointment of committees on permanent organization; credentials, rules and resolutions.

Wednesday, June 22.
Prayer by Rev. Thomas E. Cox; report of the committee on resolutions; report of the committee on permanent organization; introduction and speech of Permanent Chairman Joseph G. Cannon; report of the committee on rules; naming by state delegations of the members of the new national committee.

Thursday, June 23.

Prayer by Rev. Thaddeus A. Snively; call for presidential nominations; presentation of the name of President Roosevelt by Frank S. Black, of New York, and seconding speeches by Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, and others; nomination of vice-president; selection of committees for notification of candidates.

The first sign of a fight in the committee on resolutions came into sight today in the efforts of Senator Hansborough, of North Dakota, to enlist

recruits in favor of a declaration for revision of the tariff. The Senator claims that in his interview with delegates and members of the national committee he has found a strong sentiment in favor of reciprocity, especially with Canada. The Senator would not say that he expected to get such a plank into the platform, as he clearly understood that the "stand-paeters" are in control and will be likely to have matters their own way. However, he is determined to make a fight before the committee for the insertion of a revision plank.

BIG RAILROAD COMBINATION.

Mutual Understanding Said to Exist Between the Rock Island-Frisco, the S. A. L., the Pere Marquette and the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroads.

Detroit, Mich., June 18.—The Tribune tomorrow will point to seven names of men belonging to the syndicate which recently purchased the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, as evidence of the gradual development of a combination embracing the Rock Island-Frisco system, the Seaboard Air Line, the Pere Marquette and the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton.

The seven men are: Frederick H. Prince, president of the Pere Marquette; Eugene Zimmerman, vice-president of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton; Henry Clay Pierce, director of the Frisco and of the Seaboard Air Line; F. W. Young, director of the Frisco; George H. Norman, chairman of the Pere Marquette; Thomas F. Ryan, director of the Pere Marquette, of the Seaboard Air Line and of the Hocking Valley, and Thomas H. West, director of the Pere Marquette.

The Tribune points out the vast territory reached by these roads, which have become so closely affiliated, and says that while an actual merger would take much time, a mutual understanding and community of interests seem to have been consummated. The Rock Island already owns the Frisco and the Seaboard Air Line.

APOSTLES OF THE GOD AIROL.

Agitation Among the Mongols—Teaching of the So-Called Apostles.

Bijsk, Government of Tomsk, Russia, June 18.—The agitation among the Mongols, inhabiting the Altai region, is increasing over the appearance of the God Airol, who they believe will deliver them from a foreign yoke and create an independent kingdom. The Mongols are gathering in thousands in answer to the summons of men who are proclaiming themselves to be the apostles of the God Airol. These men are inspiring awe among the ignorant nomads by means of an alleged miracle carried out with the aid of electrical and pyrotechnical devices.

These so-called apostles preach the reincarnation of the God Airol and pretend to carry from him messages to the people, saying that he has not been happy since he left them two hundred years ago, coincident with the date of the Russian occupation of the country. They warn the Mongols to abstain from wearing white or red clothing, these being Russian national colors and to wear only blue and yellow, the national colors of Japanese, urge them to worship the sun and moon, which are the gods of Japan and especially the Overgod Burhan, who is the only true god of the gods.

Reports from Irkutsk say that discontent among the Mongol and Kalmuck tribes is rife, owing to the preaching of the new prophets, who it is said have been discovered to be Japanese who have passed the winter in caves in the mountain fastnesses. The seriousness of the situation lies in the fact that the tribes in which the revolt is fostered, inhabit both sides of the trans-Siberian railroad, and number many thousands of potential fanatics, and that should any serious uprising occur, it might interfere materially with railroad communication.

GUESTS AT A WEDDING.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt Attend Marriage of Miss Helen Roosevelt and Theodore Robinson.

Hyde Park, N. Y., June 18.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt were the guests of honor today at the wedding of Miss Helen Roosevelt and Theodore Douglas Robinson. The bride is a daughter of J. Roosevelt Roosevelt who is a cousin of the President and the bridegroom a son of the President's sister, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, of New York, is his nephew.

The President, Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Carow were driven to the picturesque little Episcopal church in the village where the ceremony was performed. The church was filled with guests when the Presidential party arrived, and as the guests of honor entered, the assembly rose and remained standing until the President and Mrs. Roosevelt were seated. Among the bridesmaids was Miss Alice Roosevelt.

Devon, Pa., June 18.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt are the guests tonight of Attorney General and Mrs. Knox at their Valley Forge farm. They will remain with the attorney general until Monday.

Commencement Exercises of the V. M. I.

Lexington, Va., June 18.—The Virginia Military Institute began its annual commencement exercises today. The programme consisted of guard mount and an athletic drill. Tomorrow Rev. Baker P. Lee, of Kentucky, will conduct religious exercises. Tuesday there will be parades, an artillery drill, and a review of the cadet battalion by the board of visitors. The graduation exercises will be held Wednesday, when Cadet E. Hammond Johnson, of Norfolk, Va., will be valedictorian and Governor Montague will deliver the diploma and degrees.

IS IMMINENT

Believed that a Big Land
Fight Will Soon
Occur

FORCES EQUAL

The Japanese Attack on Port Arthur Has Been Delayed—All the Injured War Vessels Have Been Repaired and Both Russian Fleets Are in Fighting Trim—Kuropatkin is Assuming the Offensive and a Great Battle is Expected Within a Month. 4,100 Men Wounded in the Vafangow Fight Reach Liao Yang—Trustworthy News from Port Arthur—Additional Details of the Vafangow Engagement.

Liao Yang, June 18.—The retirement of the Russians before a superior force from Vafangow and the advance of the Japanese east and north-eastward makes imminent a still more important engagement in the southern region. The Japanese have now arrived at a point where the forces are more equal and where they must fight on more even terms. The loss of 2,000 men by the Russian divisions at Vafangow shows the courage and ability of the officers and troops to retain their position under a percentage of loss almost unprecedented.

The Japanese attack on Port Arthur has been delayed. The over-crowded hospital trains are inspected while passing Liao Yang by General Kuropatkin and Grand Duke Boris.

Injured War Vessels Have Been Repaired.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—The ministry of marine has received the following dispatch from Admiral Alexieff, dated June 16:

"According to reports received up to June 14th from Rear Admiral Witthoft, (in command of the naval forces at Port Arthur), the work of repairing the ships of the squadron has been brought to a most successful conclusion alike, regarding the battleships under the command of Rear Admiral Ouktomskv, the cruisers commanded by Captain Reitenstein and the torpedo boats, thanks to the unremitting labors, energy and absolute devotion of all concerned. The health of the crews of the squadron is most satisfactory."

Both Russian Fleets Are in Fighting Trim.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—The authorities are decidedly elated over the simultaneous receipt of dispatches from Rear Admiral Wilhott, who commands the Russian fleet at Port Arthur, and from Vladivostok, indicating that the fleets at both places are in fighting trim. The condition of the squadron makes it apparent that the vessels are ready to go to sea, and if they meet the Japanese fleet, the result will probably be a battle of iron-clads that will take a place in history over-shadowing the meeting of the Chinese and Japanese fleets on the Yalu river. The Vladivostok message shows that the commandant there, looking forward to serious operations, probably in the way of reprisals for the destruction wrought by the Russian cruiser squadron. There is no indication, however, so far as can be learned, that the Japanese squadron has appeared in the neighborhood.

Russians Accused of Barbarity.

Tokio, June 18.—A total of 509 survivors of the Japanese transports Sado and Hitachi, destroyed by Russian warships, have arrived at southern ports. The Russians permitted 610 non-combatants to leave the Sado, but their whereabouts are unknown. The Japanese officers and soldiers who were detained on board the Sado had agreed to commit suicide, but changed their minds when the Russians suddenly departed. There was apparently no chance given the non-combatants on board the Hitachi to leave, and the Russians raked the crowded decks of the crippled transports with Shrapnel. The Japanese denounce this action as barbarity, indicating the clear intent of the Russians to kill defenseless men, instead of a simple desire to destroy the ships.

A Great Battle Expected Within a Month.

General Kuroki's Headquarters, in the Field, via Fusan, June 18.—General Kuropatkin is assembling forces at Haicheng. A great battle is expected within a month. The Russians again in their attempt to relieve Port Arthur were permitted to select their own battle ground, and again they greatly misjudged the Japanese numbers and disposition of their forces and again were out-generated.

Kuropatkin Assuming the Offensive.

Liao Yang, June 18.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Military activity on a grand scale is apparent at Mukden. A high authority confirms the announcement that Kuropatkin is assuming the offensive.

Two Merchantmen Searched.
Tokio, June 18.—4 p. m.—The Vlad-

ivostok squadron has disappeared off the west coast of Amori prefecture. The Russians recently searched two merchantmen and to one of them they transferred the Englishmen taken from the Japanese transport Sado. They then permitted the vessels to depart uninjured.

Wounded from the Vafangow Fight Reach Liao Yang.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—About eleven hundred men wounded at the battle of Vafangow, including fifty-five officers, have reached Liao Yang. The total Russian losses are about two thousand.

General Stakelberg's force is marching north, the railroad being unable to transport more than a few thousand men.

Special Dispatches Say the Russians at Vafangow Had Forty-two Battalions Against Forty-four Japanese Battalions.

The Japanese had great superiority in artillery, having more than two hundred guns.

News from Port Arthur.

Liao Yang, June 18.—According to trustworthy news from Port Arthur, there had not been a fresh attack by land or sea up to June 14th, though the Japanese had made a fourth unsuccessful attempt to block the entrance to the harbor, using four fire-ships, two of which were immediately sunk by shots from the batteries, the other two withdrawing.

The Russian fleet, according to these advices, is intact and the spirits of the garrison and inhabitants are excellent. The soldiers are eager to fight, and are confident of the impossibility of the taking of Port Arthur by the Japanese. Most of the inhabitants have enlisted in the volunteers, and six hundred women have offered their services. Perfect order is maintained, and trade and industry are carried on as usual. Provisions are plentiful, there being a sufficient supply to last six months at full rations and a year at reduced rations. An enormous number of cattle, the advices say, were brought into Port Arthur a few days before the investment was completed, and meat now costs about thirty cents a pound, beer is sold at four dollars a bottle and champagne at four dollars a bottle. A band plays on the boulevard three times each week.

The Japanese outposts are eighteen miles from Port Arthur, beyond the station at Intchenze, two miles from the Russian outposts. Skirmishes occasionally occur. The Russian officers believe the fortress to be impregnable.

Additional Details of the Vafangow Fight.

Liao Yang, June 18.—Officers returning from Vafangow add the following details to those already given regarding the battle of June 15:

The Japanese had one hundred guns to the Russian sixty, and fired fully 1,500 shells against 800 by the Russians. The first battery of the Second brigade suffered martyrdom, one officer escaping. The Japanese artillery, these officers say, covered the advance of a mass of infantry against the Russian center, regardless of the Red Cross flag, which was flying at the railway station, which the Russian wounded were being attended. Many of the wounded, they assert, sustained further injuries. The Russian fighting line when it retired from the station at Intchenze, burned the stores, in order to prevent their falling into the hands of the enemy.

The officers further charge that the Japanese fired upon a departing hospital train. They estimate the losses in the fighting of June 15 at 67 officers and 7,700 men. The Chinese report that the Japanese lost 3,000 men.

CENSURE THE PRESIDENT.

Bookbinders' International Brotherhood Criticize Roosevelt's Action in the Miller Case.

St. Paul, June 18.—After passing resolutions censuring President Roosevelt for his action in the Miller case, in connection with the public printing office case in Washington, and electing officers, the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders adjourned.

The resolution directed against President Roosevelt says: "The labor movement is an unselfish movement. Its purpose is the abolition of all conditions that do not operate for the general weal. Does not a reasonable understanding of the duty of public government indicate that such government should be directed towards the greatest good to the greatest number?"

"This being so, we submit that the open shop, menacing, as it does, in the light of experience, a weakening and ultimate demoralization of the reforming influences of organized labor, is in the interest of the public welfare."

INGOMAR IN THE LEAD.

Fourteen Yachts, Led by an American Boat, on a Race for the Emperor's Cup.

Dover, Eng., June 18.—In a fine north-westerly breeze fourteen yachts started this afternoon in the race to the island of Heligoland, for Emperor William's cup. There was much more interest in the contest this year than heretofore, as it had been given an international character by the admission of American, French and German competitors. The stars and stripes were represented by a sole entry, the schooner yacht Ingomar (owned by Morton F. Plant, of New York).

The greatest interest centered in Ingomar and the showing she would make against the other two stokers. Captain Barr confidently predicts her victory, and as if to confirm his view the Ingomar soon went to the front and off the foreland was leading the fleet, sailing in magnificent style.

British Torpedo Boat Destroyer Lost.
London, June 18.—The admiralty today received a cable message from the China station announcing that the British torpedo boat destroyer Sparrowhawk struck an uncharted rock off Chesney Island, as the mouth of Yangtze-Kiang yesterday and sank. No lives were lost.